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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/915,263	07/27/2001	Jing Wu	002010-593	7971	
21839	7590 08/04/2003				
BURNS DOANE SWECKER & MATHIS L L P			EXAMINER		
-	CE BOX 1404 NA, VA 22313-1404	KIFLE, BRUCK			
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1624		
			DATE MAILED: 08/04/2003		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No. **09/915,263**

Applicant(s)

00,011

Wu et al.

Examiner

Bruck Kifle, Ph.D.

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	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears	on the cover sh	eet with	the correspondence address		
Period 1	for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.						
- Extens	ions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136 (e). In a	no event, however, n	nay a reply l	se timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the		
- If the p - If NO p - Failure - Any re	period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply a to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the ply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of the patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	and will expire SIX (6) ne application to become	MONTHS f	rom the mailing date of this communication. ONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status						
1) 💢	Responsive to communication(s) filed on Jun 6, 20	03		·		
2a) 🗌	This action is FINAL . 2b) 💢 This action is non-final.					
3) 🗆	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposi	tion of Claims					
4) 💢	Claim(s) <u>118-120</u>			is/are pending in the application.		
4	la) Of the above, claim(s)			is/are withdrawn from consideration.		
.5)□	Claim(s)			is/are allowed.		
6) 💢	Claim(s) <u>118-120</u>			is/are rejected.		
7) 🗀	Claim(s)			is/are objected to.		
8) 🗆	Claims	are	subject	to restriction and/or election requirement.		
Applica	tion Papers					
9) 🗆	The specification is objected to by the Examiner.					
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are	a) 🗆 accepte	d or b)	objected to by the Examiner.		
•	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
11)	The proposed drawing correction filed on	is:	: a) 🗆 a	approved b) \square disapproved by the Examiner.		
	If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply t	to this Office ac	tion.			
12)□	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exami	ner.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13)	13) Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).					
a) [☐ All b)☐ Some* c)☐ None of:					
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have	e been receive	d in App	olication No		
	 Copies of the certified copies of the priority do application from the International Burea 	au (PCT Rule 1	7.2(a)).	•		
*S	ee the attached detailed Office action for a list of the	e certified copi	es not re	eceived.		
14) 🗆	Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic	priority under	35 U.S.	C. § 119(e).		
a) Light translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.						
15)∟	Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic	priority under	35 U.S.	C. §§ 120 and/or 121.		
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)						
	tice of Preferences Cited (PTO-892) tice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)			<u> </u>		
	2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s). 6) Other:					
3) L IIII	official property of the state	o, Comen				

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Prosecution in this case has been reopened after an appeals conference in the work group.

The examiner has been given a "reasonable" amount of time to expand the search to perform a "reasonable search". Thus, the finality of the rejection of the last Office action is withdrawn.

Applicant's amendments and remarks filed 6/6/03 have been entered. Claims 118-120 are now pending in this application.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

Claims 118-120 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention. The specification is not adequately enabling for the scope of the compounds embraced by the claims.

All of the compounds made are drawn to a narrow group which does NOT give a reasonable assurance that all, or substantially all of them, are useful. The claims are not drawn in terms of a recognized genus but are directed to a more or less artificial selection of compounds.

There is no reason why a claim drawn in this way should not be limited to those compounds which are shown to be both new and useful. An Applicant is not entitled to a claim for the use of a large group of compounds merely on the basis of a showing that a selected few are useful and a general suggestion of a similar utility in the others.

Also, see In re Surrey 151 USPQ 724, regarding sufficiency of a disclosure for a Markush group, and MPEP 2164.03 for enablement requirements in cases directed to structure-sensitive

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arts such as the instant pharmaceutical arts. Note in Surrey, in which testing done on a group of homogeneous compounds having the same core was deemed NOT sufficient to support claims to various hetero groups of a much narrower range than is being claimed herein and located at only one position in the formula. The instant scope is enormous, in the billions of compounds, and therefore one compound within its scope is not remotely representative of such a scope. See MPEP 2164.03.

Provisos

There are provisos in the claims that exclude compounds embraced by the claims. If these provisos are present to avoid prior art, applicants are urgently requested to point out these references to the examiner because of their importance in the examination of the claims. Applicants have not respond to this query. For example, should the compound excluded by proviso in AAA be present in the prior art, the use of this compound would render claim 118 obvious because the claim embraces a compound wherein (all else being the same) R¹ is 2.5difluorophenyl (or 4,5-difluorophenyl) or a compound wherein (again all else being the same) R² is ethyl. These compounds are embraced by the instant claim and represent a ring position isomer and a homologue, respectively, of the excluded compound. Should the compound AAA be present in the prior art, claim 118 would be rejected under 35 USC 103 because compounds that differ only by the presence of an extra methyl group are homologues which are of such close structural similarity that the disclosure of a compound renders prima facie obvious its homologue. The homologue is expected to be prepareable by the same method and to have the

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same properties. This expectation is then deemed the motivation for preparing homologues. Homologues are obvious even in the absence of a specific teaching to methylate, In re Wood 199 USPQ 137; In re Hoke 195 USPQ 148; In re Lohr 137 USPQ 548; In re Magerlein 202 USPQ 473; In re Wiechert 152 USPQ 249; Ex parte Henkel 130 USPQ 474; In re Fauque 121 USPQ 425; In re Druey 138 USPQ 39. In all of these cases, the close structural similarity of two compounds differing by only one (or two) methyl groups sufficed; no specific teaching to methylate was present or required. None of these cases has been overruled and indeed the examiner is unaware of any post Lohr case in which motivation is required to put a methyl group on an old compound.

Alternatively, position isomers are well established as being prima facie structurally obvious. See: Ex parte Engelhardt, 208 USPQ 343, 349; In re Mehta, 146 USPQ 284; In re Surrey, 138 USPQ 67; Ex parte Ullyot 103 USPQ 185; Ex parte Naito 168 USPQ 437, 439; In re Norris 84 USPQ 459; Ex parte Allais 152 USPQ 66; Ex parte Henkel 130 USPQ 474; Ex parte Biel 124 USPQ 109; In re Crownse 150 USPQ 554; In re Fouche 169 USPQ 431; Ex parte Ruddy 121 USPQ 427; In re Wiechert 152 USPQ 249.

For example "Position Isomerism has been used as a tool to obtain new and useful drugs" (Engelhardt), and Position isomerism is a fact of close <u>structural</u> similarity" (Mehta, emphasis in the original).

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The search revealed that the elected compound is disclosed in several of Applicants

pending applications. See for example WO 99/67221 and WO 98/28268. Also, WO 2001/034571

overlaps generically. Applicants are required to maintain a clear line of demarcation between the

corresponding US applications and the instant application. See MPEP § 822. Applicants need to

point out what the differences in scopes are.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner

should be directed to Bruck Kifle whose telephone number is (703) 305-4484.

The fax phone number for this Group is (703) 308-4556 or (703) 305-3592. Any inquiry

of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to

the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-1235.

July 29, 2003

Primary Examiner

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